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| APPLICATION NO.            | FILING DATE                         | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.  | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 10/597,723                 | 05/16/2007                          | Ralf Dunkel          | 2400.0680000/RWE/L-Z | 5407             |
|                            | 7590 03/24/201<br>SLER, GOLDSTEIN & | EXAMINER             |                      |                  |
| 1100 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. |                                     |                      | KUMAR, SHAILENDRA    |                  |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20005       |                                     |                      | ART UNIT             | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                            |                                     |                      | 1621                 |                  |
|                            |                                     |                      |                      |                  |
|                            |                                     |                      | MAIL DATE            | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                            |                                     |                      | 03/24/2010           | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

|   |   | Application No.   | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   |   | 10/597,723  | DUNKEL ET AL.  |  |  |  |
|   | Office Action Summary   | Examiner  | Art Unit   |  |  |  |
|   |   | SHAILENDRA KUMAR  | 1621   |  |  |  |
| <br>Period for  | · The MAILING DATE of this communication ap<br>· Reply  | pears on the cover sheet with the c   | orrespondence address  |  |  |  |
| A SHO<br>WHICH<br>- Extens<br>after S<br>- If NO programmers<br>- Failure<br>Any rej  | PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DIsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Deriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONEI | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 1) <b>⊠</b> F   | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 F</u>   | <u> February 2010</u> .   |  |  |  |  |
| 2a) <u></u> □ □   | This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.  |   |  |  |  |  |
| •   | ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is   |   |  |  |  |  |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Dispositio  | on of Claims  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 5)□ (<br>6)⊠ (<br>7)□ (   | Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application.  a) Of the above claim(s) <u>8</u> is/are withdrawn fr  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Applicatio  | on Papers   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 10)□ T<br>,<br>,<br>,   | The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corrective oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine  | cepted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is obj   | e 37 CFR 1.85(a).<br>ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).                        |  |  |  |
| Priority ur   | nder 35 U.S.C. § 119  |   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul> |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(   | s) of References Cited (PTO-892)  | 4) ☐ Interview Summary  | (PTO-413)  |  |  |  |
| 2) Notice 3) Information  | of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 2/24/10, 8/25/08.   | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:  | nte  |  |  |  |

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This office action is in response to applicants' communication filed on 2/24/10.

Claims 1-8 are pending in this application.

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-7 when A is (A1) and M is phenyl in the reply filed on 2/24/10 is acknowledged. The traverse has been made without any arguments. Group II-Group VX are withdrawn from the consideration, being drawn to the non elected invention, thus claims 8 and claims 1-7 in part are withdrawn being drawn to the non elected invention.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Applicants' election of species of compound of example 2 on page 50, lines 13-15 is acknowledged herewith.

In view of the prior art found while examining the elected species and closely related compounds, which clearly renders the claims unpatentable, the election is granted force and effect. Accordingly, the claims have been examined solely to the extent of the elected species.

### **Priority**

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 2/24/10 and 8/25/08 are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statements have been considered by the examiner.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 5 provides for the use of haloalkyl carboxamides, but, since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-4 and 6-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over combined teachings of Yoshikawa et al(US 5,914,344) and JP 2001-72510.

US'344 tech structurally similar compounds, composition and method of use as claimed in herein. See columns 3 and 4, wherein, Het can be Y5, G can be haloalkyl(see lines 20-22), A can be H. The difference between the reference and herein claimed compounds is that B in the reference is methyl as against difluoromethyl in herein.

JP'510 is cited to show that in the structurally similar compounds and composition, alkyl and haloalkyl are equivalent. See, page 2, formula (I), formula (A2), and see the English abstract.

It would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify US'344, by substituting haloalkyl for alkyl for B,

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as taught by JP'510, because the latter reference is expressly suggesting equivalence of alkyl and haloalkyl, with the reasonable expectation of achieving a successful composition for combating undesirable microorganisms, absent evidence to the contrary.

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### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-7 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 11, 14 and 17 of copending Application No. 10/557,083. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because when in the instant claim A is A1 with halo substituted, and R14 is similar to Z of the above patent application, and R1-R4 are H in the above patent application, instant claims extensively overlap those of the above

patent application, and one of ordinary skill in the art would obtain compounds within the generic disclosure of the above patent application, to obtain compounds within the scope of the instant claims, absent evidence to the contrary..

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SHAILENDRA KUMAR whose telephone number is (571)272-0640. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 7:30AM-5:00PM, alternate Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel Sullivan can be reached on 571-272-0779. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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S. Kumar 3/18/10

/SHAILENDRA KUMAR/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1621